## M.Sc. DEGREE EXAMINATION - JUNE 2006.

(For candidates admitted in AY-2003-04, CY-2004 AY-2004-05 and CY 2005 only)

First Year — Non-Semester

Psychology

Paper I — ADVANCED GENERAL PSYCHOLOGY

Time: 3 hours Maximum marks: 75

PART A —  $(3 \times 5 = 15 \text{ marks})$ 

Answer any THREE questions.

Each answer not to exceed 1 page.

- 1. Explain the important views of psychoanalytic school.
- 2. Quote two experimental studies on heredity and environment.
- 3. Define learning and explain transfer of learning.
- 4. Suggest some ways of improving memory skills.
- 5. How can emotions be expressed? Explain.

PART B —  $(4 \times 15 = 60 \text{ marks})$ 

Answer any FOUR questions.

- 6. Enumerate the applications of psychology in various areas of life.
- 7. Define perception and discuss the factors that determine perception and attention.
- 8. State the basic principles of classical conditioning and bring out its applications.
- 9. Describe the nature and causes of forgetting.
- 10. Define motivation and evaluate the theories of motivation.
- 11. Give an account of various kinds of intelligence tests with examples.
- 12. Analyse the various methods of assessing personality.

Maximum marks: 75

First Year

## SOCIAL AND COMMUNITY PSYCHOLOGY

Time: 3 hours

PART A —  $(3 \times 5 = 15 \text{ marks})$ 

Answer any THREE questions.

Each answer not to exceed 1 page.

- 1. Give a brief account on sociometry, mentioning its use in Social Psychology.
- 2. Explain social motivation with example.
- 3. Elucidate any two theories of crowd behaviour.
- 4. Distinguish between formal group and informal group.
- 5. Highlight the problems of Women in India.

PART B —  $(4 \times 15 = 60 \text{ marks})$ 

Answer any FOUR questions.

Answer for each question not to exceed 4 pages.

bring out the most widely studied variables in social psychological researches.

7. Discuss the role of communication in attitude

Explain the concept of social psychology and

- change.

  8. Give a detailed account on the formation and
- measurement of public opinion.
- 9. Analyse the causes for social conflicts.
- 10. Explain any three models of community psychology.
- 11. Examine the causes for alcoholism and drug dependence.
- 12. Evaluate the training programmes for personnel.

MSY-3

M.Sc. DEGREE EXAMINATION – JUNE 2006.

First Year

(For candidates admitted in AY 2003-04, CY-2004, AY-2004-05 and CY 2005 only)

Psychology

HUMAN DEVELOPMENT AND HEALTH PSYCHOLOGY

Time: 3 hours

Maximum marks: 75

PART A —  $(3 \times 5 = 15 \text{ marks})$ 

Answer any THREE questions.

Answer for each questions not to exceed 1 page.

- 1. What are the methods of data collection? Explain.
- 2. Explain pre-natal and neo-natal stages.
- 3. How is language acquired? Explain.
- 4. What is identify crisis? Explain.
- 5. What is quality of life? Explain.

PART B —  $(4 \times 15 = 60 \text{ marks})$ 

Answer any FOUR questions.

- 6. Describe the stages of human development.
- 7. What are the stress related disorders? Suggest same stress management techniques.
- 8. Describe the various perspectives to personality development.
- 9. Career planning and marriage are important aspect during young adulthood. Discuss.
- 10. Discuss measures in the management of the chronic and terminally ill.
- 11. What are the changes in old age? Describe.
- 12. Explain the four stages of language development.

MSY-4

M.Sc. DEGREE EXAMINATION - JUNE 2006.

Term End Examination.

First Year

Psychology

(For candidates admitted in AY-2003-04, CY-2004 and AY-2004-05 and CY 2005 only)

RESEARCH METHODOLOGY

Time: 3 hours

Maximum marks: 75

PART A —  $(3 \times 5 = 15 \text{ marks})$ 

Answer any THREE questions.

Each answer not to exceed one page.

- 1. What do you mean by research problem? Explain the sources of research problem.
- 2. List out the characteristics of a good research design.
- 3. Explain the criteria for a good research tool.

- 4. What is meant by measurement? Explain the levels of measurement.
- 5. Describe the characteristics of parametric tests and given some examples.

PART B —  $(4 \times 15 = 60 \text{ marks})$ 

Answer any FOUR questions.

- 6. Define hypothesis and describe the characteristics and types of hypothesis.
- 7. Highlight the importance of sampling and explain the methods of probability sampling.
- 8. Evaluate any three tools of data collection.
- 9. How will you test the hypothesis for significance of difference between two sample means?
- 10. Explain the methods of determining sample size.
- 11. What are the conditions under which a nonparametric test can be used? Mention the uses of chi-square test.
- 12. Explain the major steps in report writing.

MSY-6

M.Sc. DEGREE EXAMINATION.JUNE 2006.

### Second Year

(For candidates admitted in AY-2003-04 CY-2004 and AY-2004-05 only)

Psychology

#### ORGANISATIONAL BEHAVIOUR

Time: 3 hours Maximum marks: 75

PART A —  $(3 \times 5 = 15 \text{ marks})$ 

Answer any THREE questions.

Each answer not to exceed 1 page.

- 1. Enumerate the six basic concepts with regard to nature of people.
- 2. Differentiate job satisfaction and job involvement.
- 3. What is meant by quality of work life?
- 4. Bring out the differences between informal and formal groups.
- 5. State the five values in organisational development.

PART B —  $(4 \times 15 = 60 \text{ marks})$ 

Answer any FOUR questions.

- 6. Critically analyse the models of organisational behaviour.
- 7. Describe the various approaches to leadership.
- 8. Explain the communication process in detail.
- 9. Discuss the process involved in nominal group technique and Delphi Decision Making.
- 10. Highlight the potential sources of stress.
- 11. State the types of conflict. What are the personal and internal sources of conflict?
- 12. Illustrate the forces for change in an organisation.

MSY-7

M.Sc. DEGREE EXAMINATION - JUNE, 2006.

Second Year

Psychology

(For Candidates admitted in AY–2003-04 CY–2004 and AY–2004-05 only)

MARKETING PSYCHOLOGY AND CONSUMER BEHAVIOR – I

Time: 3 hours

Maximum marks: 75

PART A —  $(3 \times 5 = 15 \text{ marks})$ 

Answer any THREE of the following.

Answer for each question not to exceed 1 page.

- 1. Define marketing. Explain the basic concepts of marketing.
- 2. How to attract and retain the customers? Explain.
- 3. What is marketing Intelligence? Explain.
- 4. Explain the model of consumer Behaviour.
- 5. Briefly explain the three approaches of test marketing.

PART B —  $(4 \times 15 = 60 \text{ marks})$ 

Answer any FOUR questions.

- 6. Describe the market-oriented strategic planning.
- 7. Explain the elements of company's Micro environment.
- 8. Discuss the social-psychological factors affecting consumer behaviour.
- 9. Explain the methods of data collection for marketing research.
- 10. Describe the positioning strategies for competitive advantages.
- 11. Explain the major variables used for segmenting the consumer markets.
- 12. Describe the new-product development process.

MSY-8

M.Sc. DEGREE EXAMINATION - JUNE, 2006.

Second Year

(For candidates admitted in AY–2003–2004 CY–2004 and AY–2004–2005 only)

Psychology

HUMAN RESOURCE MANAGEMENT

Time: 3 hours Maximum marks: 75

PART A —  $(3 \times 5 = 15 \text{ marks})$ 

Answer any THREE questions.

Answer for each question not to exceed 1 page.

- 1. What is HR Planning? Explain.
- 2. Bring out the methods of Job Analysis.
- 3. List out the safety measures, to be followed in working places.
- 4. Outline the important steps in a typical training process.
- 5. Explain Herzberg's Motivation Hygiene theory.

PART B —  $(4 \times 15 = 60 \text{ marks})$ 

Answer any FOUR questions. (Essay Type)

- 6. Explain the Recruitment process in detail.
- 7. Bring out the methods used in Performance Appraisal.
- 8. How to begin a career? Explain.
- 9. Explain the reasons for socializing new employees.
- 10. Define Discipline and bring out the types of discipline problems.
- 11. Explain the process of collective bargaining.
- 12. Elucidate the importance of communication and list out the difficulties faced in upward communication.

MSY-9

M.Sc. DEGREE EXAMINATION - JUNE, 2006.

Second Year

Psychology

For Candidates admitted in AY–2003-04 CY–2004 and AY– 2004-05only

# COUNSELLING AND BEHAVIOUR MODIFICATION

Time: 3 hours Maximum marks: 75

PART A —  $(3 \times 5 = 15 \text{ marks})$ 

Answer any THREE questions.

Answer for each question not to exceed 1 page.

- 1. Explain how is guidance different from counselling?
- 2. Bring out the significance of Yoga Asanas?
- 3. Write the merits and limitations of systematic desensitization.

- 4. Elucidate the importance of guidance in elementary school.
- 5. Explain Beck's cognitive therapy.

PART B —  $(4 \times 15 = 60 \text{ marks})$ 

Answer any FOUR questions.

- 6. Analyse the nature and procedures in Assertion Training.
- 7. Explain the general principles of yoga practices and examine the eight stages of yoga.
- 8. Write in detail about deep muscle relaxation technique.
- 9. Explain the various tools of assessment in counselling.
- 10. Explain thought-stopping and problem-solving techniques as Cognitive behaviour modification.
- 11. Examine the components and uses of social skill training.
- 12. Write a note on systematic desensitization.

**MSY-10** 

M.Sc. DEGREE EXAMINATION – JUNE 2006.

Second Year

(For candidates admitted in AY 2003-04, CY 2004 and AY 2004-05 only)

Psychology

 $\begin{array}{c} \text{MARKETING PSYCHOLOGY AND CONSUMER} \\ \text{BEHAVIOUR} - \text{II} \end{array}$ 

Time: 3 hours Maximum marks: 75

PART A —  $(3 \times 5 = 15 \text{ marks})$ 

Answer any THREE questions.

Answer for each question not to exceed 1 page.

- 1. Explain marketing mix.
- 2. What are the methods used in data collection?
- 3. Explain consumer behaviour.
- 4. What is market segmentation? Explain.
- 5. Explain the role of motivation in consumer bahaviour.

PART B —  $(4 \times 15 = 60 \text{ marks})$ 

Answer any FOUR questions.

- 6. How is market effort managed? Discuss.
- 7. How is a marketing research program planned? Explain.
- 8. What are the bases for market segmentation?
- 9. Explain the four views of consumer decision making.
- 10. What is consumer behaviour and discuss a model of consumer decision making?
- 11. Explain personality and consumer behaviour.
- 12. Discuss the role of family an consumer behaviour.

MSY-11

M.Sc. DEGREE EXAMINATION - JUNE 2006.

Psychology

ADVANCED GENERAL PSYCHOLOGY

(For Candidates admitted in AY 2005–06 only)

Time: 3 hours Maximum marks: 75

PART A —  $(3 \times 5 = 15 \text{ marks})$ 

Answer any THREE questions in not exceeding 1 page each.

- 1. Highlight the important aspects of humanistic psychology.
- Give a brief account on cognitive learning.
- 3. Bring out the physiological basis of motivation.
- 4. Describe the nature of forgetting.
- 5. How can creativity be tested? Explain.

PART B —  $(4 \times 15 = 60 \text{ marks})$ 

Answer any FOUR questions in essay form.

- 6. Define psychology and highlight the applications of psychology.
- 7. Explain the principles of perceptual organization.

- 8. What is operant conditioning? Elucidate the principles governing operant conditioning.
- 9. Analyse the theories of motivation.
- 10. Discuss the causes of forgetting.
- 11. Specify the types of thinking and explain the process of concept formation.
- 12. Explain in detail any three theories of personality.

**MSY-12** 

M.Sc. DEGREE EXAMINATION – JUNE 2006.

## Psychology

(For candidates admitted in AY 2005-06 only)

### ADVANCED SOCIAL PSYCHOLOGY

Time: 3 hours Maximum marks: 75

PART A —  $(3 \times 5 = 15 \text{ marks})$ 

Answer any THREE questions in not exceeding 1 page each.

- 1. Write a short note on social psychology in the new millennium.
- 2. State the different types of groups.
- 3. What are Biogenic and sociogenic motives?
- 4. Define prejudice.
- 5. How are temperature and weather environmental stressors?

### PART B — $(4 \times 15 = 60 \text{ marks})$

Answer any FOUR questions in essay form.

- 6. Describe the Research methods used in social psychology.
- 7. Explain the theories of group formation.

- 8. What are the factors that determine interpersonal attraction?
- How are attitudes formed? Explain .
- 10. "Aggression can be prevented and controlled" Discuss.
- 11. Bring out the relationship between urban environment and social behaviour.
- 12. Discuss the various environmental stressors.